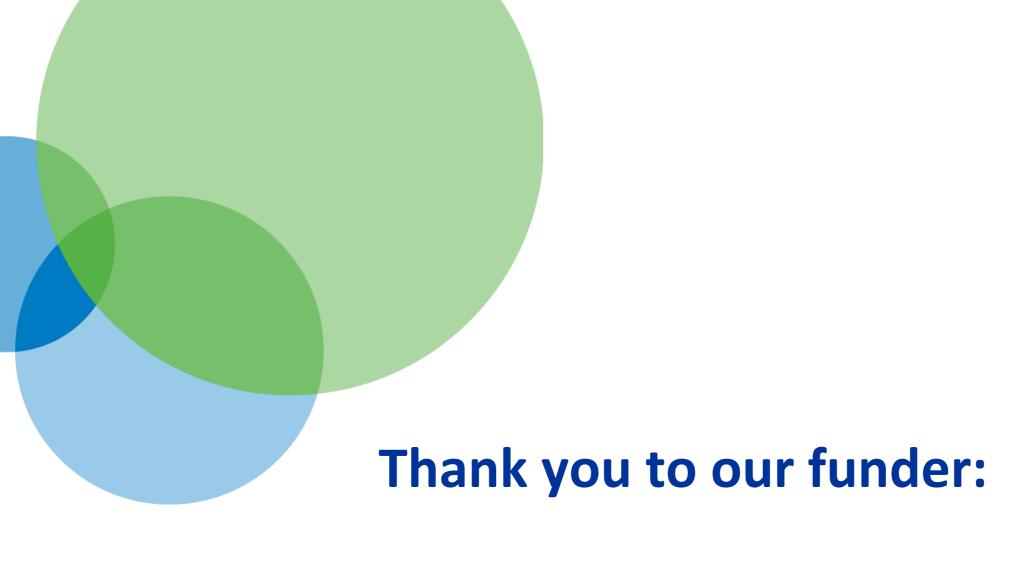
The Role of Parks and Recreation in Planning for Health

Anna Ricklin, AICP
Manager
Planning and Community Health Center
American Planning Association







The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention





This presentation was supported in part by a cooperative agreement with the Centers of Disease Control and Prevention. Portions of this work involve the REACH program supported by CDC funding. The findings and conclusions in this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. In accordance with U.S. law, no Federal funds provided by CDC were permitted to be used by awardees for lobbying or to influence, directly or indirectly, specific pieces of pending or proposed legislation at the federal, state, or local levels. Attendees should be aware that every funding source has different requirements governing the appropriate use of those funds. Organizations should consult their legal counsel to ensure compliance with all rules, regulations, and restriction of any funding sources.







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At the end of the presentation a link to our survey will pop-up. Please complete it so we know how to improve future webinars.

Thanks:







Questions & Answers!

To Ask a Question:

Please submit questions via the "Ask A Question" box located in the lower left corner of your screen







The Role of Parks and Recreation in Planning for Health

Zarnaaz Bashir, MPH
Director, Health Initiatives



NRPA's Three Pillars

Conservation



Health & Wellness



Social Equity



The State of Public Health

"People can make healthier choices if they live in neighborhoods that are safe, free from violence, and designed to promote health."

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, Commission to Build a Healthier America



Parks Promoting Health

- Park prescriptions
- Revitalizing parks
- Connectivity/trails
- Programming
 - Physical activity, nutrition
- Traffic safety/safe park zones
- Joint use agreements
- Smoke-free parks



The Evidence

 Living close to parks and other recreation facilities is consistently related to higher physical activity levels for both adults and youth.

American Journal of Preventive Medicine; President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports Research Digest

- Having more parks and more park area (acreage)
 within a community is associated with higher physical
 activity levels.
- Lower-income populations & some racial and ethnic populations have limited access to parks and recreational facilities. These disparities partially explain lower physical activity levels among these populations.

Active Living Research, Parks, Playgrounds & Active Living, February 2010



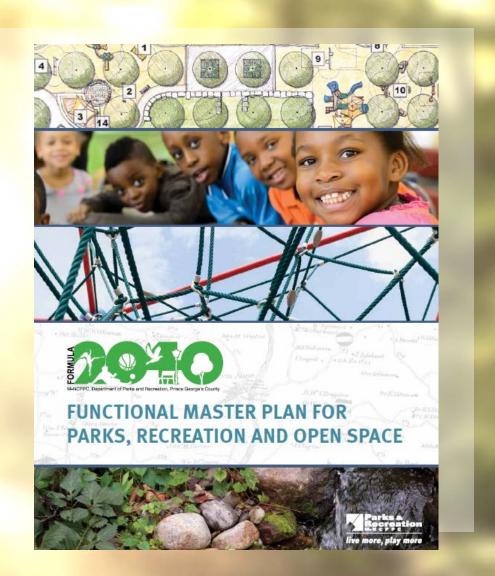
Improving Access to Parks





Making an Impact

- Health equity
- Health in all policies
- Benefits of parks go beyond health
- Health Impact Assessments





Thank You!

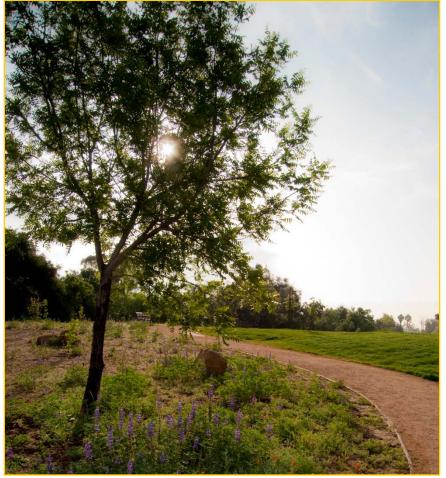
Zarnaaz Bashir, MPH
Director, Health Initiatives

zbashir@nrpa.org

703-858-4746

Greening the City











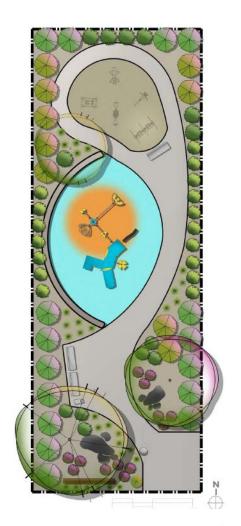
City of Los Angeles Department of Recreation and Parks

City of Los Angeles 50 Parks Initiative

Objectives

To develop 50 new parks and open spaces in neighborhoods where a large percentage of residents do not live in close proximity to a park/recreational facility

To design new parks with a high sustainability focus on maintenance, water and energy conservation





City of Los Angeles 50 Parks Initiative

Why 50 Parks?





City of Los Angeles Department of Recreation and Parks

- 16,000+ acres of Parkland
- 439 Park Properties
- 370 Playgrounds
- 184 Recreation Facilities
- 256 Ball Fields
- 62 swimming pools
- 13 Municipal Golf Courses







City of Los Angeles Department of Recreation and Parks

Largest Social
Service Agency in
the City ...

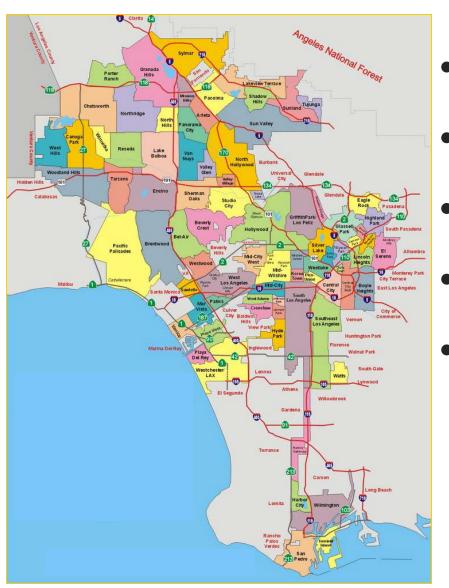
but it's not enough







City of Los Angeles



- 2nd largest City in the U.S.
- Population of 3.7 million
- 467 square miles
- 1.3 million households
- Culturally diverse: People from 140 countries



Benefits of Equitable Park Access

Health Benefits

Increase in physical activity

Contact with the natural world improves psychological health

Addresses childhood obesity and diabetes at the root

Economic Benefits

Well maintained and safe parks increase property value

Reduction in Health Care Costs

Environmental Benefits

Urban trees generate oxygen and reduce heat island effect

Capture, clean and reuse of storm water runoff (on and off site)





Benefits of Equitable Park Access

Social Benefits

Parks provide opportunities for social interaction and help build sense of Community

Provides a place for children to develop social and physical skills through play

Playgrounds are often the gateway for children's participation in organized sports and other recreational opportunities







"Parks are essential to the health and well-being of all Americans"



Challenges

- Enormity of the scale and needs of a very diverse City
- Available land
- Property values
- Budget cuts
- Available resources
- Capital funding
- On-going Maintenance







Local Partnerships

Community Focused Design Process

Low Maintenance & Sustainable Designs





Local Partnerships

- First developed priority areas 2009 Needs Assessment
- Inventoried available properties (Surplus City, County, or State Land, Right-Of-Ways, For Sales, Foreclosures, etc.)
- Partnerships (LANI, TPL, LAPF, LANLT, MRCA)
- Funding Strategies (including alternative, non-traditional)







Community Focused Design Process

- Collaborative planning and design process with area stakeholders
- Community build days develops ownership

Sustainable design with eye on reduced maintenance and utility costs







Low Maintenance & Sustainable Designs

- Standardize infrastructure and site amenities but customize site layouts, playgrounds and type and scale of amenities
- Involve maintenance from planning through construction
- Prequalify contractors and used in-house construction teams







Sustainable Park Design

Drought Tolerant Landscaping





Smart Irrigation System



Solar Compacting Trash Cans



Solar Lighting

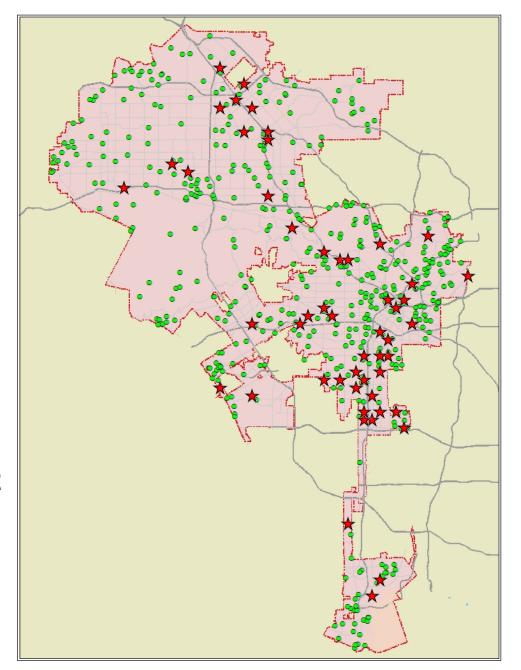


Automatic Gates



Status

- 61 Sites
 Identified
- \$129M in Funding
- More than a dozen projectPartners





History/Status

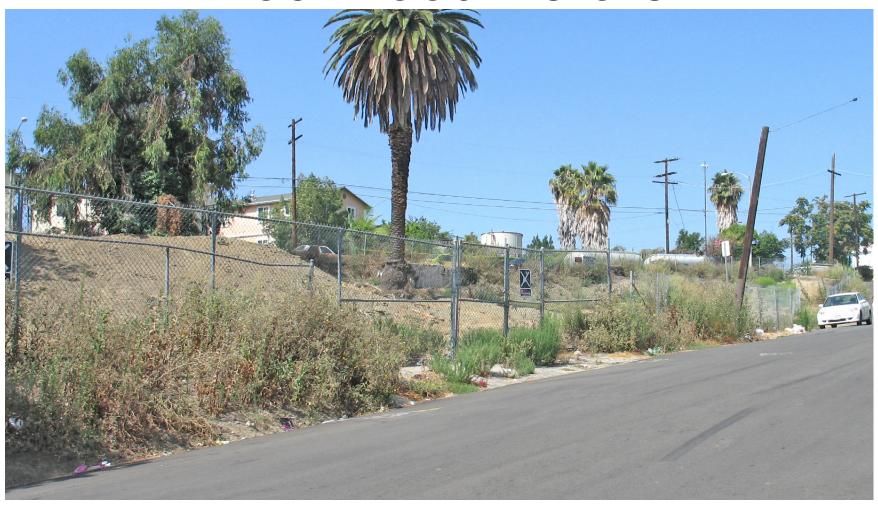
- Initiated in Fall 2010
- 53 sites acquired
- 24 new parks opened
- 10 parks in construction
- Approx. 80,000 people live within ½ mile of the 7 new parks opened last year
- Partners doing 23 of the 61 parks







Rockwood Before



Rockwood After



11 Ave. Before



11 Ave. After



49th St. Before



49th St. After



APHA and APA Webinar

"The Role of Parks and Recreation in Planning for Health"

Maria Nardi

Chief of Planning, Research and Natural Areas



MIAMI-DADE PARKS, RECREATION AND OPEN SPACES DEPARTMENT

CONNECTING

PEOPLE - PARKS - PUBLIC SPACES

MIAMI-DADE PARKS, RECREATION AND OPEN SPACES DEPARTMENT

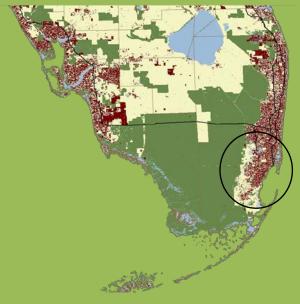
WHO WE ARE...

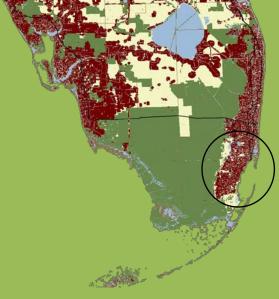




- One of the Largest Park & Public Space Systems in the Nation
- Only Metropolitan Region Bordered by Two National Parks
- Over 260 Parks, Greenways and Recreational Facilities
- Over 12,500 Acres
- 26,000 Acres of Environmentally Endangered Lands
- Includes Beaches, Regional,
 Neighborhood Parks, Historic Sites,
 Botanical Gardens, Greenways, Nature
 Preserves, Marinas, to name a few...

CHALLENGES

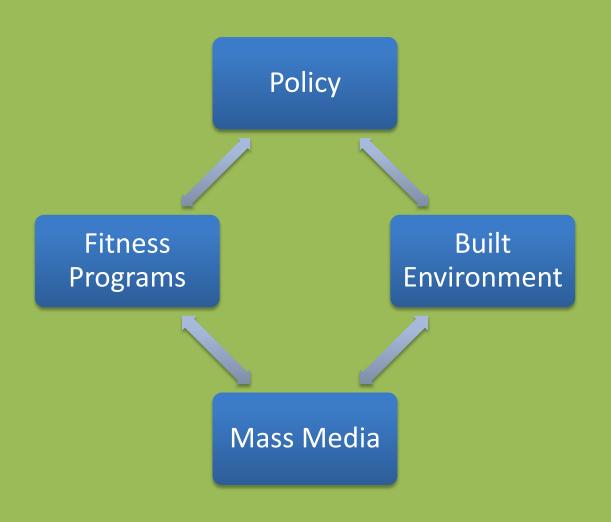








ACHIEVING HEALTH EQUITY





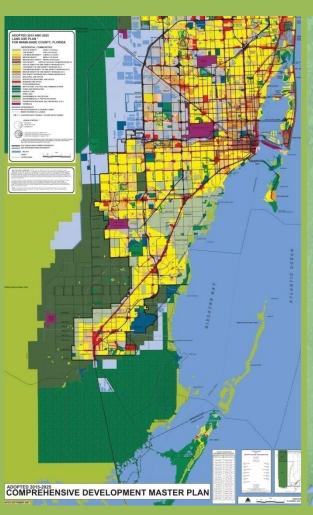
The Public Realm:

- Great Parks
- Great Public Spaces
- Great Natural and Cultural Places
- Great Greenways and Blueways
- Great Streets

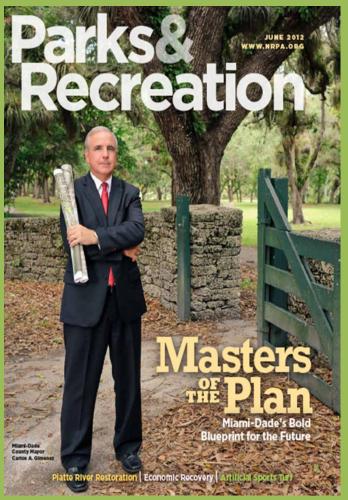
PRINCIPLES

- 1. Equity
- 2. Access
- 3. Beauty
- 4. Seamlessness
- 5. Sustainability
- 6. Multiple Benefits

PLANNING & LEADERSHIP







SOUTH FLORIDA PARK COALITION

South Florida Parks Coalition

A Coalition of City, County, State and Federal Parks in Miami-Dade County

A Vision as ambitious as the Mismi-Dade Countri Parks and Open Space System can only be accomplished through the seamless collaboration of Cits, Country, State, and Federal Park seencles working together to create a more livable Mismi-Dade Country through a vision that includes great parks, public spaces, natural and cultural areas, presentarys, water trails and streets.



Preamble:

The South Florida Parks Coalition is created to foster a seamless, connected, and sustainable barks system for the South Florida community. The Coalition will meet collaborate, share knowledge and professional expertise regarding park, recreation and conservation open spaces.

Our work is rooted in the fundamental values of recreation opportunity and environmental stewardship. It is dedicated to building a model park system that will promote a greener, healthier, and more livable South Florida community.

We believe that a model park system consists of parks and public spaces, recreation facilities, greenways, blueways, great streets and conservation lands.

We believe that a sustainable, model Park System must be planned and created with an eye to its impact on the neighborhood, city, country and region as a whole. It must be effective, efficient, fair and balanced. It must work with other public and private agencies; and it must enhance the health, safety, happiness and well-being of all residents and visitors to South Florida, now and in the future.

We believe that a model park system is integral to social, environmental and economic sustainability; it must become a vital part of everyday human experience; it must be connected spiritually and physically, and it must provide accessibility for people of all means and abilities. The model Park System must raise the standard of living for the region and inspire generations of people to care for and contribute to their communities.

Based on these beliefs, we assert that the Model Park System shall:

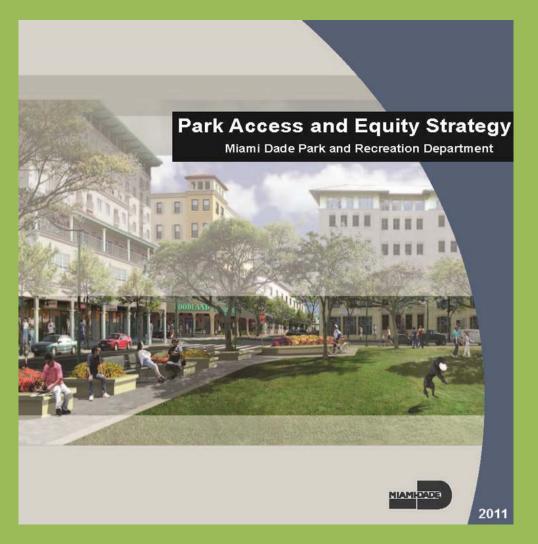
- Ensure an accessible, diverse and balanced system of passive and active recreation opportunities that promote safety, security and healthy lifestyles.
- Ensure the preservation, protection and enhancement of ecological resources to sustain and preserve biodiversity and the environmental health of the region.
- Ensure the preservation, protection and enhancement of cultural resources to sustain landscapes and their historical and heritage features.
- Ensure that park, recreation and conservation open spaces guide the shape of urban form.
- Ensure that there is no net loss of park, recreation or conservation lands and mandate replacement of land
 of equal value, context and significance.
- Ensure community stewardship of park, recreation, and conservation open spaces by fostering educational and recreational programming, civic art, volunteerism and support of philanthropic and grassroots organizations.
- Ensure the continual enhancement of economic development and quality of life in the region by partnering and collaborating with the business community.
- Ensure the equitable distribution of park, recreation and conservation open spaces for all communities in the region.
- Ensure and support responsible growth to conserve environmental and cultural resources, promote economic
 investment, and support neighborhood stability, while reciairing marginal and abandoned areas.
- Ensure the support and development of an interconnected framework of transportation alternatives such as transit, pedestrian, bicycle and waterway systems that link parks, recreation and conservation open spaces to each other and to communitie.
- Ensure high standards of design excellence, innovation and beauty to support economic, social and environmental sustainability of the region.





7.

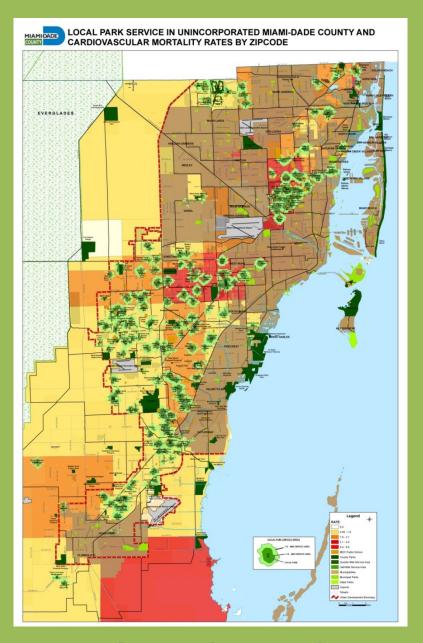
C.P.P.W. GRANT

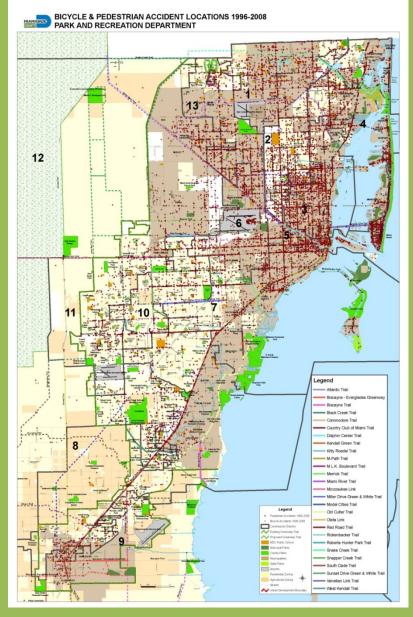












Cardiovascular Mortality

Bicycle & Pedestrian Accidents

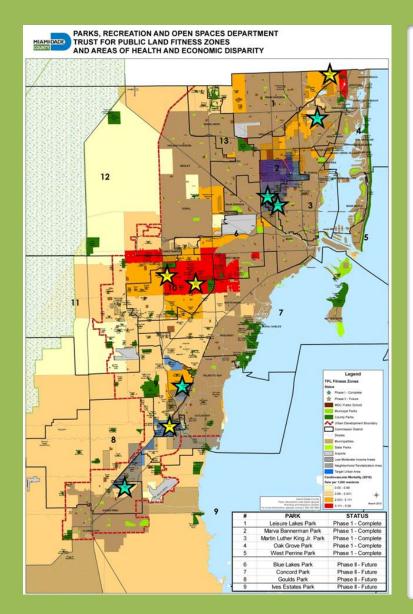
LOCAL PARKS

1/4 - 1/2 mile walk shed





ENHANCED FITNESS

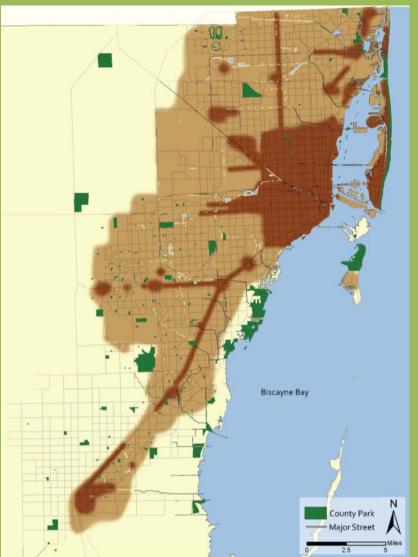




PARK STRUCTURE AND LANDSCAPE

Pattern Book







Urban Design Manuals

Private and Public Development



This illustration of a low-density residential street shows successful spatial definition of the public realm, which is a result of a street cross section that produces visual enclosure and a positive human scale. The ratio of street width to adjacent building walls generates a place of singular character.



The public realm is a critical part of a community's infrastructure that creates significant value and distinction for a neighborhood. A well-designed public realm encourages social interaction, civic engagement, physical activity and time spent outdoors.

TRANSIT ORIENTED PARKS (TOPS)

AND....DEVELOPMENT







Dover Kohl & Partners and University of Miami School of Architecture



The Public Realm:

- Great Parks
- Great Public Spaces
- Great Natural and Cultural Places
- Great Greenways and Blueways
- Great Streets

Greenway System

Goal: 500 miles

Built: 140 miles

WIP: 25 miles

The Underline

Friends of The Underline, PROS and MDT



Station - Brickell Now



Station - Brickell After, courtesy LandscapeDE

The Underline

Friends of The Underline, PROS and MDT



Park - University of Miami Now



Park - University of Miami After, courtesy Anna Baez

Miami-Dade Parks, Recreation and Open Spaces Departments www.miamidade.gov/parks